2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS CLASSIFICATION:
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Category 1
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 1
- Specific target organ toxicity (Single exposure): Category 1 (respiratory system)
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute: Category 3

LABEL ELEMENTS
HAZARD SYMBOL:
- Danger

HAZARD STATEMENTS:
- H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H318: Cause serious eye damage
- H370: Causes damage to organs < central nervous system, respiratory system, Cardiovascular system, blood system, liver, kidney, gastrointestinal tract>
- H402: Harmful to aquatic life

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

[Prevention]
- P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P273: Avoid release to the environment.
- P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

[Response]
- P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN or hair: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
- P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P308+P311: IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

[Storage]
- P405

[Disposal]
- P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all applicable regulations.
3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Single Substance or Mixture : Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHEMICAL NAME</th>
<th>CONTENT</th>
<th>CHEMICAL FORMULA</th>
<th>CAS RN.</th>
<th>TSCA INVENTORY</th>
<th>EINECS No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Hydroxide</td>
<td>90 - 95 %</td>
<td>NaOH</td>
<td>1310-73-2</td>
<td>Listed</td>
<td>215-185-5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vermiculite</td>
<td>5 - 10 %</td>
<td>(Mg,Fe)\textsubscript{3}(Si,Al,Fe)\textsubscript{4}O_{10}(OH)<em>{2} \cdot 4H</em>{2}O</td>
<td>1318-00-9</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
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</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

GENERAL ADVICE : Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. In the case of respirable dust and/or fumes, use self-contained breathing apparatus and dust impervious protective suit. Use personal protective equipment.

INHALATION : Move victim to fresh air and gargle. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Consult a physician immediately.

SKIN CONTACT : Remove contaminated clothes and shoes, rinse skin with plenty of water or shower. Use soap to help assure removal. Consult a physician immediately.

EYE CONTACT : Remove any contact lenses at once. Flush eyes well with flooding large amounts of running water for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing by separating the eyelids with sterile fingers. Consult a physician immediately.

INGESTION : Rinse mouth, give plenty of water to vomit. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.

MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS/ affects, acute and delayed : Due to its corrosive properties, inhalation may cause symptoms such as burning, sore throat, cough, breathlessness and shortness of breath. Redness, pain, severe burns, blisters, etc. may appear when touching the skin or eyes. Symptoms of pulmonary edema often do not appear until 2 to 3 hours, and worsen if you are not rested.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA : Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, foam, water spray

FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS : Toxic and irritating dust, fumes or smoke may be emitted.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTERS : Fireman should wear normal protective equipment (full bunker gear) and positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS : Avoid raising dust and avoid contact with skin and eyes. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

ENVIROMENTAL PRECAUTIONS : Prevent spills from entering sewers, watercourses or low areas. Comply with local disposal regulations.

METHODS FOR CLEANING UP : Do not touch spilled material without suitable protection. After material is completely picked up, wash the spill site with soap and water and ventilate the area. Pull all wastes in a plastic bag for disposal and seal it tightly. Remove, clean, or dispose contaminated clothing.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING : Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure. Handle this product with appropriate protective equipments.

STORAGE : Store away from sunlight in well-ventilated dry place at room temperature. Keep the product in an original box after use it.

INCOMPATIBLE PRODUCTS : Strong oxidizers and strong acids

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING MEASURES : Use exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below exposure limits. Use adequate ventilation.

VENTILATION : Local Exhaust ; Recommended, Mechanical(General) ; Recommended

CONTROL PARAMETERS

ACGIH : Ceiling 2 mg/m\textsuperscript{3} (NaOH)

OSHA PEL : TWA= 2 mg/m\textsuperscript{3} (NaOH)

NIOSH REL : C 2 mg/m\textsuperscript{3} (NaOH)
PERSONAL PROTECTION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION : Safety mask
HAND PROTECTION : Chemical resistant gloves
EYE PROTECTION : Safety glasses(goggles)
SKIN PROTECTION : Protective clothing

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE : White shot
ODOR : Odorless
pH : Strongly basic
BOILING POINT : 1390°C (NaOH)
MELTING POINT : 318°C (NaOH)
FLASH POINT : No data available
FLAMMABILITY : No data available
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE : No data available
VAPOR PRESSURE : No data available
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (DENSITY) : No data available
RELATIVE DENSITY : 2.1
SOLUBILITY IN WATER : Soluble
Organic solvent : Insoluble
PARTITION COEFFICIENT ; n-octanol/water : No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY : Stable under recommended storage conditions, deliquescence.
CHEMICAL STABILITY : Stable under recommended storage conditions.
CONDITION TO AVOID : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight, Moisture
INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS : Strong oxidizer, strong bases,
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS : No data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY (Oral) : As relevant information, a LD50 value is 325 mg/kg for rabbits (SIDS (2002)).
ACUTE TOXICITY (Dermal) : No data available
ACUTE TOXICITY (Inhalation) : No data available
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION : In a pig test using application of 2N (8%), 4N (16%) and 6N (24%) solutions on the abdominal region, gross blisters developed within 15 minutes of application and the 8 and 16% solutions produced severe necrosis in all epidermal layers. The 24% concentration produced numerous and severe blisters with necrosis extending deeper into the subcutaneous tissue (SIDS (2009)). Additionally, there is a report that severe necrosis occurred after application of a 5% solution to the skin of rabbits for 4-hour (ACGIH (7th, 2001)). Based on these data, the substance was classified into Category 1. As relevant information, the pH is 12 (0.05% w/w) (Merck (14th, 2006)). For humans, 0.5 - 4% solutions were irritating to the skin, and in skin irritation tests with a 0.5% solution, 55% and 61% of the volunteers showed positive skin irritation reactions (SIDS (2009)). In EU classification, the substance is classified into C; R35.
EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION : Based on a report that the corrosive concentration for rabbit eyes was 1.2% or higher than 2% (SIDS (2009)) and a pH of 12 (0.05% w/w) (Merck (14th, 2006)), the substance was classified into Category 1. For humans, there are numerous case reports that the accidental exposure to high concentrations of dusts and solutions caused severe eye damage (ACGIH (7th, 2001)) and that accidental contact with the eye leads to blindness (DFGOT vol. 12 (1999)). As relevant information, the substance is corrosive to skin and classified into C; R35 in EU classification.
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION : No data available
SKIN SENSITIZATION: Male volunteers were exposed on their backs to concentrations of 0.063 - 1.0% of the substance. After 7 days the volunteers were challenged to a concentration of 0.125%. The irritant response correlated well with the concentration, but an increased response was not observed when the previously patch tested sites were rechallenged. Based on these results, sodium hydroxide has no skin sensitization potential. Furthermore sodium hydroxide has been used widely and for a long time, and no human cases of skin sensitization were reported, therefore, sodium hydroxide is not considered to be a skin sensitizer (SIDS (2009)). Based on this conclusion, the substance was classified as "Not classified".

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY: In bone marrow micronucleus tests by intraperitoneal administration to mice (in vivo somatic cell mutagenicity test), a significant increase of micronuclei was not observed. In addition, in an oocyte aneuploidy induction test by intraperitoneal administration to mice (in vivo germ cell mutagenicity test), any evidence that suggested a chromosome non-disjunction was not observed. Since there findings indicate negative results for in vivo somatic cell and germ cell mutagenicity tests, the substance was classified as "Not classified". As relevant information, from in vitro mutagenicity tests, there are reports of a negative Ames test and a false-positive CHO K1 cell chromosomal aberration test (SIDS (2009)).

CARCINOGENICITY: Although there is a report of a negative result in a rat carcinogenicity test by oral administration for 12 weeks (DFGOT vol. 12 (1999)), classification was not possible due to lack of sufficient data.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: No data available.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY -Single exposure-: Based on a report that acute exposures involving inhalation of dusts or mists may cause mucous membrane irritation with subsequent cough and dyspnea; and that intense exposure may result in pulmonary edema and shock (PATTY (5th, 2001)), the substance was classified into Category 1 (respiratory system). As relevant information, there is a report that dust formation is unlikely because of the substance's hygroscopic properties and negligible vapour pressure (SIDS (2009)). There is a report of 28 accidental ingestion cases in which approximately 50 - 200 mL of a 25 - 37% solution of the substance was ingested and injury to the upper gastrointestinal tract and esophagus was observed (SIDS (2009)). Additionally, there are numerous case report of serious accidental or suicidal poisoning in which the substances caused severe corrosion of mouth, throat, tongue and oesophagus (DFGOT vol. 12 (1999)).

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY -Repeatead exposure-: There is a report that no animal data are available for repeated dose toxicity tests by oral, dermal, inhalation and other routes of exposure for the substance (SIDS (2009)). There is very little human data available. Classification was not possible due to lack of data. There is a report that following repeated inhalation exposure to aerosols of the substance, rats suffered pulmonary damage (ACGIH (7th, 2001)). This data was not used as the basis of classification since the exposure concentrations are unknown. As relevant information, there is a report that dust formation is unlikely because of the hygroscopic properties and negligible vapour pressure of the substance (SIDS (2009)).

ASPIRATION TOXICITY: No data available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Hazardous to the aquatic environment -Acute hazard-: Classified into Category 3 from its 48h-LC50 = 40 mg/L for Crustacea (Cenodaphnia quadrangular) (SIDS, 2004, etc).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment -Chronic hazard-: Classified into Not classified since the toxicity is mitigated in environmental water by buffer action though it is considered to be a factor of toxicity that water solution becomes a strong base.

BIODEGRADABILITY: No data available.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: No data available.

MOBILITY IN SOIL: No data available.

Hazardous to the ozone layer: This substance is not listed in Annexes to the Montreal Protocol.
13. DISPOSAL INFORMATION
Dispose in a hazardous-waste site in accordance with all applicable regulations. Any disposal practice must be in compliance with country, local, state, and federal laws and regulations (contact country, local or state environment agency for specific rules).

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION
IATA
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN NUMBER</th>
<th>3262</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN PROPER SHIP. NAME</td>
<td>Corrosive solid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Mixture Sodium Hydroxide)</td>
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<tr>
<td>CLASS</td>
<td>8</td>
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<tr>
<td>PACKING GROUP</td>
<td>II</td>
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<tr>
<td>ADR/RID</td>
<td>UN3262, Class 8, II</td>
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<tr>
<td>DOT (Department of Transportation)</td>
<td>UN3262, Class 8, II</td>
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<tr>
<td>MARINE POLLUTANT</td>
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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION
For classification and labeling of chemicals in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations in the EU or each country, refer to GHS classification of this product (See Section 2).

EU REGULATION : CLP Regulation ((EC) No. 1272/2008)

16. OTHER INFORMATION
NOTICE:
The information contained in the SDS description is applicable exclusively to the chemical substance identified herein and for its intended use as an analytical reference standard or reagent and to the unit quantity intended for that purpose. The information does not relate to, and may not be appropriate for, any application or larger quantity of the substance described. Our products are intended for the use by individuals possessing sufficient technical skill and qualification on use the material potential hazardous chemical. Accordingly, no representation or warranty, express or implied, with respect to merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose is made with respect to the information contained herein.

Attention:
This product in terms of chemical identity and the unit amount provide is intended for use in chemical analysis and not for human consumption, nor any other purpose.